## FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

DISCUSSION OVER SENATOR WHITTHORNE'S CREDENTIALS.

Debate on the Prohibition and Interstate Commerce Bills-In the House.

Washington, April 26 .- Senate .- In the Senate to day Senator Harris pre-sented the credentials of Senator Washington C. Whitthorne, appointed by the Governor of Tennessee to be United States Senator from that State to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Senator Jackson.

The credentials having been read, Senator Whitthorne was conducted to the deak by Senator Harris, and the oath of cfice was administered in due form by the President pro tempore of the Senate. Senate r Whithorns then took a seat on the Democratic side of the chamber on the extreme right of the Chair, and received the congratu-lations of many Senators.

When the new Senator had taken his seat, Senator Hoar called attention to the form of the redentials, not having desired, he said, to say any-thing which might seem like an objection to the swearing in of Senator Whitthorne. The form of the cre-dentials Senator Hoar thought defective inaemuch as the certificate stated that the appointment was for Senator Jackson's unexpired term. It should read "until the next meeting of the Legislature." The point was no great consequence at present, but in case of a close party division in the Senate the question, Senator Hosr thought, might become one of grest importance, and public attention ought to be directed to it in order that the difficulty might, as far as possible, be averted.

Senator Harris remarked that Senator Whitthorne's credentials, in using the word "term," made reference to the term as fixed by law. He thought this qualifying phrase covered the The credentials were filed.

Senator Hoarreported from the Committee on the Judiciary a bill extend-ing the time for the completion of the records of the clerk of the Commissioners of the Alabama Claims. It was

Senator Morrill, from the Committee on Finance, reported, with an amend-ment, the House bill relating to the bonds of brewers. The hill as it came from the House modifies section 3336 of the Revised Statutes so as to require new bonds to be filed by brewers, not on the lst of Msy, as heretofore, but whenever the Collector of Internal Revenue shall require them to do so. The Senate committee amend the bill so as to require, in addition, that at least once in four years the bonds shall in any event be renewed, whether the Collector requests it or not.

After debate the Senate amendment was agreed to, and the bill as amended

was passed.

A bill was reported by Senator Harris, making an appropriation to com-plets the public building at Jackson, Tenn. It was passed. Senator Van Wyck desired to take up the bill taxing railroad lands, but yielded to Senater Blair, who according to previous notice, then addressed the Secate on his proposed constitu-tional amendment prohibiting the manufacture or sale of alcoholic liquous as beverages. He announced well known views upon the subject at considerable length, and then entered upon the political aspect of the measure, and said that the movement for local option and amendments to State constitutions was of great importance as a means of creating an enlightened public opinion in the Representatives to confer with a comment based on the national idea presented a clear prospect of complete and officers of that State in regard to success. It was time for the prohibi-tion idea to assume control of national partier—at least of the Republican party. That party could not permanently remain three-fourths for prohibition and one-fourth against it. That was less possible than it once was for the nation to remain permanently one the nation to remain permanently one the nation to remain permanently one the nation of these canals. asil slave and one-half free. Ideas never compromised. We were now at the dividing of the ways. For himself (Senator Blair), he had been down in this hole long enough. Sooner or later, and he hoped not much later, "we might come to ourselves like the prodigal, and proceed to climb up and out. I will remain here," said he, "so long as I think I can persuade others to climb with me, in order that we may stand on each others' shoulders and that those first out may, with proper tackle, lift the remainder, for the hole is very deep. Only for this will I remain longer in the hole; and for this will I remain,

American people of all parties prefer to be on top of the ground. Senator Blair had on this occasion spoken

partly as a Republican; but he did this only because he believed that

thus did he speak most as an Amer-

ican and most as a man. That party, with all its faults—with all its faultres

to reach its ideals-was the great

unfinished mission, concentrate its tremendous energies and perfected equipment upon this gigantic national evil until the evil was destroyed, The interstate commerce bill was then taken up and Senator Van Wyck addressed the Senate on it. We were, he said, in the midst of general de-pression, yet all pursuits must be laid under contribution so that full divi-dends shall be declared by railroad companies on watered stock and fraudulent bonds. Grain, beef and pork might be reduced one-half in price, yet there could be no abatement in freight charges. Railroad and telegraph rates west of the Missouri river were about four times greater than rates east of that river. For years capital had been organized, un-Scrupulous and rapacious, moving sa Gould had moved, according to his aworn testimony, and as Huntington, according to his own written history, had moved, on State Legislatures, the courts and Congress, unblurhingly purchasing judges and legislators. But the crisis was coming. There was an irrepressible conflict between right and wrong. Could the nature be wrong. Could the nation be made to believe that the 84,000,000,000 of watered stocks and bonds were

honest property deserving protection from courts or Legislatures, or that the \$300,000,000 claimed by Vander-Senate on the bill bilt and the \$200,000,000 claimed by Gould were honestly obtained. The owners of these fictions should accord decent trestment to the remainder of mankind from whom they expected

to torce dividends and interest. It the industrious were only required to pay fair dividends on the real cost of ra fronds the nation would be prosperra ironds the nation would be prosper-ous. The Fenate could take an exam-ple from Jay Gould. The Senate Committee on Elucation and Labor had industriously obtained from that

worthy a complete history of his life, probably for the youth of America to imitate. The committee had tremblingly and bescechingly implored him to give a minute account of his daring exploits, and he concented. Early in lite, when hard pressed for dinner, he adopted his eister's method and went behind the blacksmith shop to pray. The blessing came in

great measure. In a few years the The House. Mr. Dunn [Ark.] saved leave to of-

fer a resolution setting apart the 12th of May for the consideration of measares reported from the Committee on In response to a question, Mr. Dunn

stated that the measure that would probably be called up would be the bill requiring the Northern Pacific to pay the cost of surveying its lands, the resolution providing for a general in-vestigation of the Pacific roads and the bill providing for the payments of debts of those roads.

Mr. Warner [O] inquired whether the order would include the Pacific railroad funding birl, and upon receiving an affirmative enswer objected to the present consideration of the reso-

Mr. Dann explained that the bill mr. Dunn explained that the bill provided for the payment of \$41,000,000 of the debt before it came due under existing law. It did not postpone, it anticipated the debt. He asked that the resolution be referred, but Mr. Cowies [N. C.] objected, and the reco-

Under the call of States, a number of bills, etc., were introduced and referred, among which were the follow-

By Mr. Springer [III.]: For the admission of the whose of Dakots into the Union of States. Also, to establish a department of labor and to create a board for the arbitration of cortroversies between labor and capital. By Mr. Warner [O]: To regulate interestate commerce and to provide

for boards of arbitration.

By Mr. O'Neili [Mo ]: Sympathizing with Mr. Gladstone in his efforts to secure a free Parliament for Ireland.

Mr. Outhwaite [O.], from the Com-

mittee on Railroads, reported a bill to amend the various Pacific reilroad acts to provide for a settlement growing out of the issue of bonds to aid in the construction of said railroads and to secure to the United States the pay-ment of all indebtedness of certain of he companies therein mentioned. House calendar.

The consideration of a bill called up by Mr. McCreary [Ky.] to establish a sub-treasury at Louisville, Ky., consumed a portion of the morning hour. No action was taken.

The House then went into commit-tee of the whole, Mr. Wellborn [Tex.] in the chair, on the river and harbor appropriation bill.

Fair progress was made with the bill until a clause authorizing the Secretary of War to negotiate for the purchase of the works of the Green and Barren River Navigation Company in Kentucky presented an op-portunity for the fight over the Monongahela Navigation Company to break out afresh.

Both the amendment and the origi-nal clause were vigorously attacked by Mr. Hepburn [Ia ] and Mr. Holman [Ind.], the latter of whom regarded the proposition as being for the benefit of the owners of the coal lands along the river, and defended by Mr. Willis and Mr. Laffeon [Ky.] and Mr. Bayne [Pa.] Mr. Blanchard [La.] supported both

propositions.

The amendment was agreed to—90

Mr. Hiscock [N. Y.] offered an amendment for the appointment of a committee of three Senators and five mittee appointed by the New York Legislature, and with the Governor and officers of that State in regard to the maintenance of the cavals thereof, and to ascertain if said canals are suf-

Mr. Grosvenor [Ohlo] opposed the amendment. The gentleman from New York (Mr. Hiscock) could not ridicule and awail the bill by offering the amendment, and afterward say that his record was in favor of internal improvements. When the gentleman attempted to put upon the bill an amendment which would destroy it, he must stand by his record.

Mr. Hiscock was willing to stand by

his record. If a proposition which simply looked to the creation of a committee to investigate a matter was so potential that it could defeat this bill, he was willing to accept the conseif need be, a great while. Others may, if they will, and they will, stay here permanently, but, sir, they will find that the masses of the Republican party and the messes of the

The amendment was ruled out on a point of order, and the committee then rese and the House adjourned. tanning business, in which he was engaged, was in ficancial stress so over-whelmingly that his partner was driven to suicide, while he himself bought a railroad. The wrong partner had committed suicide. The commitwas doubtless dezed as much by Gould's recital as by reading the exploits of "Jack, the Giant-Killer," or "Kidd, the Pirate." Modesty induced Gould to refrain from telling one agency which under God had saved the Republic. That party would yet, from the law of its superior being and feature of the history of his time. At Kansas City he was once overtaken with another religious spasm and wrestled a second time in prayer, telling the people how happy he was, and that he wanted no more money. He had purchased the Missouri Pacific only for the good of mankind and should use it for the glory of God and the benefit of the people. As he was contemplating another raid he felt the necessity of another installment of divine grace so he went "short" on the promise by pretending that he would not benefit himself by the blessing. It was to be hoped he would not indulge in a third prayer on earth. Should be, in the end, secure an entrance into the New Jerusalem he would soon be conspiring there from force of habit to buy a railroad, and when he should have torn up the shining avenue the angels could not restrain him from stealing the golden pavements. [Laughter] The strong arm of labor, Mr. Van Wyck added, had always protected the nation in the day of peril. There need be no fear to the republic from the organization of labor. The ranks of the Union army had been recruited from the men

who had been delving in mines. Mr. Stanford then addressed the

Senator Stunford spoke at considererable length, and at the conclusion of his remarks Senator Plumb, from the Appropriations Committee, reported the Postoffice appropriation bill with amendments, and it was placed on the

## THE WAR DECLARED OFF

SUDDEN TERMINATION OF THE GRECO-TURKISH TROUBLE.

Gladstone on His Irish Home-Rule Bill-The Feeling in European Money Markets.

London, April 26,-Mr. Gladstone has written the following letter to the

"It is not my custom to comment on statements made by hostile news-papers, but having a sincere respect for the *Chronicle* I would call atten-tion to an allegation made by it in a leader, that I have heretofore main-tained that home rule in Ireland would be a source of impe ial danger. I will challenge proof of the assertion, which was doubtless made in good faith, but it is entirely an error. I have always asked for an explanation of the meaning of home rule, in order to make clear the question whether or not it would be a source of danger. We have now learned the demands of Ireland from five sixths of her chosen representatives. Such home rule is, in the language of my address of September last, a source, not of danger, but of strength. The slanger, if any, lies in refusing it."

It is stated that some officers now

stationed in Ireland have applied to the War Office for a transfer to India, lest they be called upon to serve against the people of Ulster.

Chamberlain's Opposition Amend ment.

LONDON, April 26.—The Birming-om Post says it understands that Mr. hamberlain has given notice that he will introduce in the House of Commons an amendment in opposition to

Watching the Irish Home Rule

Dublin, April 26.—More than 8006 members of the civil services in Ire-land have appointed a committee to watch the progress of the home-rule bill, and to endeavor to secure an improvement of the provision in the bill which relates to themselves. Petitions against the home-rule measure will be introduced at the Easter meet-ing of the English churches. Arch-Croke, speaking at Thules, delivered a panegyric on Mr Gladstone, declaring that the Premier was Ireland's greatest friend.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

Resolutions Adopted by the Athens Council-France's Sympathy. ATRESS, April 26.—At a meeting of the Municipal Council to-day a resolution was adopted wishing God speed to the troops and expressing the hope they would do honor to their flag in the struggle for Greek unity and freedom. A resolution was also adopted inviting the citizens to bid the departing soldiers a hearty farewell. The government has received a friendly note from France, in which it is intimated that the ultimatum of

the French government may be expected shortly. M. de Freycinet has written to Prime Minister Delyaunis, assuring him of the sympathy of France and begging him use his influence to preserve peace.
The orders to forward troops to the

frontier have been countermanded. The aspect of affgirs has become more

The claims of Greece, in contention for which she prepared to wage war against Turkey, now that she has consented to disarm, will be submitted to arbitration.

The Greek Army Will Disarm,

Paus, April 26 .- It is officially announced here that Greece, yielding to the advice of France to refrain from wur, will at once disarm.

The Reports of Disarmament Con-firmed,

LONDON, April 26.—The statement that the Greek army would be dis-armed is confirmed. The Greek Chamher of Deputies has been convoked. The combined fleet of the powers, which had assembled to coerce Greece, has departed. The sudden termination of the probability of war is received by the Greek people with consternation.

EUROPEAN FINANCES.

Business Bull at London-The Con-tinental Bourses, London, April 26.—There was a small demand for discount during the week at 1] for three months and 2 for short. Foreign securities were strong. American railway securities were weak throughout the week, but closed

At Paris.

Paris, April 26.—Prices on the Bourse during the past week were firm. Rentes were strong at an in-crease of 10. Gold shipped from America is supposed to be for subscrip ions to the new loan, in which little is being done as yet.

At Berlin,

Berlin, April 26 .- On the Bourse during the week there was a strong advance in all foreign securities of about 4 per cent. The improvement was due to the belief that the powers would succeed in arranging the Greek affair. At Vienna,

VIENNA, April 26.-The Bourse during the past week was depressed, owing to the renewal of the cholera scare, the bad financial position of Hungry and reports of yearly decreas ing traffic on Austro-Hungarian rail-

At Frankiert.

FRANKFORT, April 26.—There was a general improvement on the Bourse during the past week, owing chiefly to reports of firmer prices on other bourses Russians especially, showed a firmer tendency. Egyptian unified rose 1 per cent. Private discount advanced to 1; per cent.

THE FISHERIES DISPUTE. Seizure of an American Vessel In Canadian Waters,

Ottawa, Ont., April 26.—It is re-ported that an American vessel has been seized off Cape Breton for a breach of the fishery laws. She was in a lake less than six miles wide, and therefore at every point within the three-mile limit.

Supreme Court to Settle All Dis-putes.

LONDON, April 26.—The Pall Mall Gazette advocates the formation of a supreme and permanent court for the acttlement of fisheries disputes be-tween Canada and the United States. The court, the Gazette says, should consist of five members, two of whom should be American, two Englishmen, and the fifth should be selected by these four, and be either an American or an Englishman.

CABL+ GRAHS.

Manuin, April 25,—Several men have been arrested at Barbastro in a ragoon for burying a man alive near

that town. The victim was rescued from the grave in a very critical con-dition. The motive was revenge. ROME, April 25 .- The cholera ep!demic in Brondisi is reported to be

decreasing. DUBLIN, April 25 .- The College of surgeons will confer an honorary fellowship upon M. Pasteur.

BRUFSRIS, April 26.—Mr. Fussiaux, the author of (alechim de Peuple, which was the principal agent in bringing about the strikes, will be prosecuted for inciting disorders and insults to the King. insults to the King.

London, April 26.—The Easter ma-neuvers of the volunteers at Dover and Portsmouth to day were very suc-cessful. The weather was brilliant and the exercises at both places were witnessed by yest crowds of people. Rome, April 25 .- Baron Von Schlozer,

the Prussian representative at the

Vatican, has presented to the Pope an autograph letter and a present from Emperor William in recognition of the Pope's action in the Carolines af-Madrid, April 25.—The voiger of San Jose church to-day discovered i robber who was in the act of stealing a chandelier from the church. The

him, inflicting a severe wound. VIENNA, April 25.—The official ga-Galicia is caused by unscrupulous ag-itators who are working upon the superstition of the peasantry that the world will come to an end in 1886. Two hundred arrests have been made

in Galicia in connection with the present troubles. Chicago, ILL, April 26.—A special dispatch from Winnipeg, Manitoba, says: The great Northern Cree chief, Big Bear, and three of his head men, all of whom have been in the panitentiary at Stony Mountain, this prov-luce, for nearly a year for their ac s in connection with the Riel rebeilion have been set at liberty and ordered back to their recerve.

Easter at New York.

New York, April 26.—Special East-er services were held yesterday in all the churches and they were at end d by large congregations. The struces in the Catholic churches were grand and imposing, all the choirs having been increased. Archbishop Corrigan assisted in the services in St. Patrick's Cathedral and the Rt. Rev. Harvey Goodwin, bishop of Carlisle participated in the services at Old Trinity Church.

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AVING perfected my invention, I wish to place it before the public, especially monufacturers. As a Corn Planter, it is perfect success—opens the drill, distribute the seed accurately, unintured, and cover the same, thereby one man performing the work of three. They have been used in this section for over a dozen years with perfect satisfaction. Can give responsible testimonials. Address.

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Administrator's Notice.

Office Public Administrator's Notice.

Office Public Administrator, Shelby County Courthouse, Memphis, Tenn., April 15, 1886.

The undersigned having been appointed and qualified administrator of the estate of Henry F. Arnold, deceased, notice is hereby siven to all persons indebted to said estate to some forward and settler and to those to whom said estate is indebted to 5 etheir claims with me, duly probated, within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be forever barred.

JUHN LOAGUE.

Public Administrator.

has, and what suffering is caused by these headaches. Relief may be had from Nervous, Neuralgic, or Sick Headache by the use of

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Tongalize has a leadache. "Tongalize has a leadache."

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mir Having disposed of our entire stock of Vehicles and the Manufacturing Depart-ment to Messrs. TOMLIN & BENJES, we bespeak for them a continuance of the paironage so lone extended to us. WOODRUFF-OLIVER CARRIAGE & HARDWARE COMPANY

# NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

For The firm of MEACHAM & HORTON is this day dissolved by mutual agreement, W. H. HORTON retiring. E. E. MEACHAM will make settlement of the old business, E. E. MEACHAM. and sign in liquidation.

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